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IYUNIVESITHI YAKWAZULU

(UNIVERSITY OF ZULULAND)

UMKHAKHA WEZOBUCIKO

(FACULTY OF ARTS)

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(DEPARTMENT OF AFRICAN LANGUAGES AND CULTURE)

ISIFUNDO: SESAKHIWOMAGAMA

(MOPHORLOGY)

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(PAPER 1)

AMANOTHI AHLELWE NGU: NKK. S.D. MBOKAZI

d) Amagama akhiwa esuselwa ezandisweni

La magama akhiwa eziqwini zesandiso esidala u-pha-. Isib.:

phakathi	>	umphakathi
phandle	>	iphandle
phesheya	>	iphesheya
phezulu	>	iphezulu

e) Amagama akhiwa esuselwa kuzenzukuthi

Lana akhiwa esuselwa kuzenzukuthi ngokuqalisa ngesiqalo esifanele. Isib.

bhamu	>	isibhamu
bani	>	umb'ani
hlwathi	>	ihlwathi

f) Amabizo akhiwa esuselwa kumbabazi

Lana akhiwa esuselwa kumbabazi ngokuqalisa ngesiqalo esifanele. Isib.:

khwibi	>	ikhwibi
hawu	>	umhawu
maye	>	ubumayemaye

g) Amabizo akhiwa esuselwa kwamanye amabizo

i. Amabizo aphindaphinda amagama

Ngokuvamile la magama avame ukukhomba ubuningi, noma-ke amanye ekhomba ubunye. Isiqu siyaphindaphindeka kodwa isiqalo sibe sinye. Isib.:

intaba	>	izintabantaba
umfula	>	imifulafula
indaba	>	iindabandaba

imvu	>	imvana : imvwana
isifo	>	isifana : isifwana
ivovo	>	ivovana : ivovwana

k) Amabizongxube

Amabizongxube akhiwa ngokuhlanganisa izingcezu zenkulumo ezmbili noma ngaphezulu ezifanayo noma ezingafaniyo. Zimbili izinhlobo zamabizongxube, kukhona afingqiwe nezeluliwe.

i) Afingqiwe

Abonakala ngezakhi ezintathu kanje:

u-So	>	uSomandla
u-No	>	uNomvula
-Ma	>	uMaMbhele
		Izibonelo
		U-So umele uyise
uyise	+ amandla	> uSomandla
uyise	+ ikhaya	> uSokhaya
uyise	+ izimali	> uSozimali

U-No umele unina

unina	+ uxolo	>	uNoxolo
unina	+ imvula	>	uNomvula
unina	+ ukuthula	>	uNokuthula

U-Ma umele ogane kwasibanibani

ogane kwaMbhele	>	uMaMbhele
ogane kwaMyeza	>	uMaMyeza
ogane kwaMbatha	>	uMaMbatha

i) Impambosi yokwenziwa (passive)

Impambosi yokwenziwa igqame ngesijobelelo u-iw- norma u-wa. Lesi sijobelelo sifakwa kunkamisa wokugcina wesenzzo okwakhiwa kuso impambosi.

Isibonelo:

jonga	>	<u>jongwa</u>
tyala	>	<u>tyalwa</u>
fa	>	<u>fiwa</u>

Kwezilunga linye iziqu zezenzo ezinonkamisa zisebenzisa isijobelelo u-iw- ukwakha impambosi yokwenziwa.

Isijobelelo:

mbe	>	<u>mbiwa</u>
tya	>	<u>tyiwa</u>

Izenzo ezilunga lokugcina zingundebezinyo umphumela wakhona kuba ukulwangisa.

Isibonelo:-

hlabo	>	<u>hlatywa</u>
bamba	>	<u>banjwa</u>
khupha	>	<u>khutshwa</u>

ii) Impambosi yokwenzeka / yokwenzela (Neuter)

Impambosi yokwenzela / yokwenzeka ibonakala ngesijobelelo ek (eka) kanye no-akala (akal-).

Isibonelo:-

funa	>	<u>funeka</u>
zwa	>	<u>zwakala</u>

suka	>	susa
dilika	>	diliza
tyumka	>	tyumza
phumla	>	<u>phumza</u>

vi) Impambosi yokwenzisisa (intensive)

Lena yona igqame ngesijobelelo u-isi- noma u-isis-. Lesi sijobelelo sigaxwa phakathi komsuka wesenzzo kanye nonkamisa wokugcina.

Isibonelo:-

buza	>	buzisisa
va	>	visisa
oma	>	omisia

7.2 Izindlela zesenzo

Ngaphansi kwezindlela zesenzo sithola izindlela ezintathu. Lezi zindlela zesenzo zibuye zihambisane nenkathi ngokwehlukana kwayo. Izindlela esikhulumha ngazo yilezi ezilandelayo:

- Indlela eyamile / encikile;
- Kube indlela eqondile; bese
- Kuba yindlela ephoqayo.

7.2.1 Indlela eyamile

Le ndlela sithi iyamile ngoba isenzo esikule ndlela sihlala njalo sincike kwelinye igama. Isibonelo:

- (i) Pheka ukuze udle.
- (ii) Funda ukuze uphase.

7.2.4 Kanjalo futhi le ndlela ingabuye isetshenziswe futhi njengezingasenzo ezithile ezinjengalezi; ubuye, umane, uvele, udeze kanye no uyaye.

Isibonelo:-

- (i) UThoko umane akhale uma umthinta.
- (ii) Uma simbuza lo thisha uvele ahleke nje.
- (iii) USipho uma bemthethisa uyaye athule ekilasini.

7.2.5 Le ndlela inezikhathi ezintathu njengezinye izindlela zesenko. Sithola inkathi yamanje, inkathi edlule kanye nenkathi ezayo.

- (i) Inkathi yamanje

Le nkathi ibonakala ngesivumelwano senhloko nesiqu sesenko esigcina ngonkamisa u-e.

Isibonelo:-

- Usalela emuva ukuze ahambe kancane.
- Sheshe uphume ukuze usheshe ufike.
- Mtshele adlale nezinye izingane.

- (ii) Inkathi eyedlule

Le ndlela yenkathi ibonakala ngesivumelwano senhloko enkathini eyedlule neziqu zesenko esigcina ngonkamisa u-'a'

Isibonelo:

- Ngifike edolobheni ngasika-lezi zingubo
- Wathi efika waboshwa ngesenzo sakhe.
- Banele bamfaka wadlala-kakhulu.

- (iii) Inkathi ezayo

Okukhulunywa ngaye

Isigaba	Ibizo	Isivumelwano senhloko	Indlela eqondile
1	Umuntu	u-	Ubhema ugwayi
2	abantu	ba-	Babhema ugwayi
3	Umuthi	u-	Ubaba kakhulu
4	Imithi	i-	Ibaba kakhulu
5	Iqanda	li-	linuka kabi
6	Amaqanda	a-	Anuka kabi
7	Isitha	si-	Sicula iculo
8	Izitha	zi-	Zicula iculo
9	Inkomo	i-	Idla utshani
10	Izintombi	Zi	Zikha amanzi
11	uluthi	lu-	Lugobile uphondo

7.3.1.1 Inkathi yamanje ekhomba ukuvuma

Kule nkathi sithola lezi zakhi: isivumelwano sikamenzi esiqondene nesigaba sebizo lelo elingumenzi kanye nesiqu sesenzo.

Isibonelo:-

- (i) UThemba ugibela iihashi

- (ii) Angizukufika kusasa
- (iii) Kangifundi namhlanje.

7.3.1.5 Inkathi eyadlula ekhomba ukuvum

Le nkathi inesakhi u-a odonsekile osesivumelwaneni sikamenzi.

Isibonelo:-

- (i) Mina ngabhala incwadi
- (ii) Ngahamba nengane
- (iii) Ikhehla lasala lodwa.

7.3.1.6 Inkathi eyadlula ekhomba ukuphika

Le ndlela ibonakala ngesakhi u-nга esiyisakhi sokuphika.

- (i) Ngangingamthandi uThi...na
- (ii) Thina sasingadlali
- (iii) Ikhehla lalingafundi.

7.4 Isiqondiso esiqhubekayo

Sibonakala ngesakhi u-ya- esenzeni.

Isibonelo:

	ubunye	Ubuningi
Okhulumayo	ngiyadla	siyadla
Okukhulunywa naye	uyadlala	niyadlala
Okukhulunywa ngaye		

- (ii) Asidli njalo
- (iii) Akabhemi manje.

7.4.3 Inkathi ezofika ekhomba ukuvuma

Lena ibonakała ngesakhi u-be.

Isibonelo:

- (i) ngizobe ngihamba
- (ii) siyobe sithanda

7.4.4 Inkathi ezofika ekhomba ukuphika

Lena ibonakala ngesakhi sokuphika u-nga kanye no-zobe esiphongozwe
ngesivumelwano senhloko esifanele.

Isibonelo:

- (i) ngizobe ngingahambi
- (ii) siyobe singathandi.

7.4.5 Inkathi eyedlule ekhomba ukuvuma

- (i) izingane zazifunda
- (ii) abafundi babehamba bodwa.

7.4.6 Inkathi eyedlule ekhomba ukuphika

- (i) Izingane zazifunda
- (ii) Abafana babengahambi bodwa.

- (ii) Ubuningi kulezi zenso ezikule ndlela bubonakala ngesijobelelo u-ni noma u-nini kuthi isiphongozo kube u-yi-

Isibonelo:-

Yiphanini! noma Phanini!

Yimani! noma Manini!

Yizwani! noma Zwanini!

- (iii) Izenzo eziqalisa ngonkamisa zithatha isiphongozo u-yi nesijobelelo u-ni ebuningini.

Isibonelo:-

enza > yenza, yenzani

otha > yotha , yothani

idla > yidla, yidlani

- (iv) Iziyu zesenko ezinhlamvungi akuphoqelekile ukuba zingaba neziphongozo, nokho zithatha isijoelelo u-ni ukuze kukhanyiswe ubuningi.

Isibonelo:-

Sukuma ngane! Sukumani zingane!

Thula wena! Thulani bafana!

Dlala mfana! Dlalani bafana

- (v) Indlela ephoqayo ibonisa ukuphika ngokusebenzisa isingasenko u-musa ebunyeni no -musani ebuningini.

Isibonelo:-

Musa ukuhamba ebusuku!

Musa ukudlala phandle!

Musa ukulala emini!

Isiphawulo sinesivumelwano nesiqu. Ngakho uma kwakhiwa izivumelwano zesiphawulo siphongoza ngesakhi sesichasiso u-a ngaphambi kwesiqalo sebizo bese kulumbana onkamisa. Isib.

Izigaba zamabizo	Isakhi sesichasiso	Isiqalo sebizo	Isivumelwano sesichasiso
1 umuntu	a-	um-	om-
2 abantu	a-	aba-	aba-
6 amatshe	a-	ama-	ama-
14 ubuhle	a-	ubu-	ubu-
9 intombi	a-	en-	en-

7.2 Isibaluli

Ukwakheka kwezivumelwano zesibaluli noma kuthi akufane nokwakheka kwezesiphawulo kodwa ukhona umehluko okwakhekeni, nanokuthi izivumelwano zaso azifani. Umehluko ukomankankana. Ukwakheka kwazo kwenzeka kanje: kuphongozwa ngesakhi sezichasiso u-a ngaphambi kwesiqalo emva kwalokho bese kulumbana onkamisa. Uma isiqalo sebizo sinomankankana, umankankane uyeqiwa. Isibonelo:

a	+	um-	>	o-
a	+	isi-	>	esi-
a	+	aba-	>	aba-
a	+	izin-	>	ezi-

7.3 Ongumnini

Ongumnini singamchaza njengegama elichaza ibizo noma isabizwana. Nalo lidinga kube khona ukuvumelana phakathi kwesiqu sobumnini nebizo

8. ISANDISO

Isandiso olunye ucezu oluwela ngaphansi kwesikhanyiso. Isenzukuthi naso olunye ucezu oluwela ngaphansi kwesikhanyiso. Isikhanyiso yigama elikhanyisa isilandiso. Likhanyisa ngesenzo, ngesibanjalo, ngesichasiso noma ngesinye isikhanyiso (isandiso noma isenzukuthi) mayelana nesimo noma indawo noma isikhathi.

8.3 Izinhlobo zesandiso

- Isandiso sendawo (ondaweni)
- Isandiso senkathi
- Isandiso sesimo

8.3.1 Isandiso sendawo

Ake siqale ngokubheka lezi zandiso zendawo ngaphambi kokucubungula ukuthi zakheka kanjani:

Isigaba	Ibizo	isandiso
3	u-mful-a	e-mful-eni
4	i-miful-a	e-mful-eni
5	i-hhash-i	e-hhash-ini
6	a-mahhash-i	e-mahhash-ini
7	i-sand-o	e-sandw-eni
8	i-zand-o	e-zandw-eni
9	i-ngulub-e	e-ngulub-eni
10	i-zingulub-e	e-zingulub-eni
11	u-phaph-e	o-phaph-eni
14	u-buhlal-u	e-buhlal-wini

u(lu)thi + -ini	o(lu)thini
uphondo + -eni	ophondweni

Amabizo asebenzisa isakhi sesandiso u-ku- ekwakheni izandiso zendawo

Lezi sakhi sisiphongoza emabizweni bese seqa unkamisa wokuqala webizo.

Isibonelo:-

ku- + umdali	kuMdali
ku- + umenzi	kumenzi
ku- + uyise	kuyise

Kulezi zibonelo ezingenhla sisuse unkamisa wokuqala webizo kwase kuthi esikhundleni sakhe saqalisa ngo-ku- oyisakhi sesandiso. Kuye kwenzeke ukuthi singamsusi unkamisa wokuqala webizo kepha sisuse unkamisa -u- wesakhi sesandiso.

Izibonelo:-

ku- + omkhulu	komkhulu
ku- + onogwaja	konogwaja
ku- + odade	kodade

Ukusebenza kwesakhi sendawo u-kwa- ekwakheni isandiso sendawo

Lesi sakhi sisiphongoza emabizweni ukukhoml indawo yomuntu noma umuzi wakhe. Seqa unkamisa u-u oyisiqalo sebizo.

Izibonelo:-

kwa- + uMajola	>	kwaMajola
kwa- + uMabaso	>	kwaMabaso
kwa- + ukhethomthandayo	>	kwakhethomthandayo
kwa- + uKomani	>	kwaKomani